

Audit of Statement of Financial Position (SFP) Items

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Guideline.....

- Introduction
- b. Elements of SFP
- Overall objectives/Relevant Assertions
- d. Audit of Non –Current Assets
- Audit of Current Assets
- f. Audit of Equity & Reserves
- g. Audit of Non –Current Liabilities
- h. Audit of Current Liabilities
- Notes & Disclosures

(a)Introduction.....



- Shows the financial position of an entity as at a particular period
- Contains Assets, Equity, Reserves & Liabilities
- Assets and liabilities are divided into Non current and current assets/liabilities.

(b) Elements of a SFP....



- Non-Current Assets-Property, plant & Equipment;
 Intangible Assets; Pre-paid leases on land; Deferred tax assets & Investments
- Current Assets-Inventories; Trade and other receivables;
 Inter-company balances; Short term deposits; Cash & Bank balances
- Share capital and Reserves-Ordinary share capital;
 Retained earnings & share premium
- Liabilities-Borrowings, Trade & other payables, Tax payable, deferred tax liabilities

(c)Overall objective...



- To be assured of the following assertions;
 - Existence(E)
 - Valuation(V)
 - Completeness(C)
 - Rights and Obligations (R&O)
 - Presentation and Disclosure(P&D)

How then do we obtain this assurance?

To note:



- Work done during planning;
 - Understand and document the control environment i.e. relevant processes
 - Walkthrough the process to ensure that it is working as documented
 - Identify the controls in the process and test them to ensure that they are operating effectively through out the period of the audit

To note....

- General work done in all the sections;
 - Prepare a lead schedule
 - Agree the current year balances to the GL/Trial balance
 - Agree balance brought forward figures to the previous period signed Financial Statements
 - Analytical review procedures



- Property, Plant & Equipment-(E,C, M,O,V/F, P&D)
- Risks;
 - Recognized assets that do not exists
 - Incomplete record of PPE
 - Wrong computation of depreciation
 - Wrong classification of PPE
 - Unrecognized impairment
 - Misappropriation of assets



- i. Property, Plant & Equipment-E,O,V/F,M
 - Obtain a fixed asset register
 - Prepare a PPE movement schedule-Lead in the file
 - Obtain additions in the period & vouch to underlying documents(E&O)
 - Obtain disposals schedule & vouch to underlying documents
 - Re-compute depreciation or apply analytics(M)
 - Perform impairment test through inquiry(V/F)
 - Perform Insurance adequacy test
 - Perform Capitalisation policy test(C)
 - Physical verification (E)



- ii. Investment Property(C,E,V,O & M)
- Risks;
- Risks and work to be done varies depending on the basis of model (cost or fair value) adopted by the client
 - May not be completely and accurately recorded
 - All recorded investment properties may not actually exist.
 - Investment properties are recorded at inappropriate values.
 - Investment properties recorded are owned by the client and title is not in the name of client.
 - Depreciation expense / gain /loss due to change in fair value and gain/ loss on disposal has been inaccurately calculated and inappropriately disclosed.



ii. Investment Property......

- Work to be done;
 - If cost model is adopted then the work done is same as PPE
 - For fair value; any changes in fair value are taken immediately to the income statement and no depreciation is computed.
 - Obtain and review valuation reports, check the capacity of the valuers, assumptions used



iii. Investments-E,V,C,P&D,R&O

- They include the following;
 - Treasury bonds & bills
 - Quoted equity investments
 - Unquoted equity investments
 - Corporate bonds
 - Off shore investments



iii. Investments-E,V,C,P&D,R&O

- Risks;
 - Recognized investment that do not exists
 - Incomplete record of investments
 - Wrong valuation
 - Unrecognized impairment



- iii. Investments-O,E,V,C,P&D,R&O......
- General work to be done for all;
 - Obtain confirmations from 3rd parties(E) e.g.
 CBK/Fund managers
 - For additions and disposals in the year, vouch to supporting documentations & authorizations(O)
 - For quoted investments, obtain share prices at close of the period and revalue them(V)
 - Check valuation of investments in accordance to the client's policy and the standards(V)



- Off-shore investments;
 - Obtain confirmations if it is a bank balance i.e. deposits
 - Alternative procedure-Review the contract signed initially
 - Incase of shares, obtain and review the FS of the company invested in
 - If listed, obtain the share prices at year end and revalue
 - Management representation



iv. Biological assets & Agricultural products

- Measured on initial recognition and at the end of each reporting period at its fair value less costs to sell, except when the fair value cannot be determined reliably
- Risks;
 - Wrong valuation
- Work to be done;
 - Observe physical stock take
 - Reliance on the work of an expert



- v. Inventory-E,V
- Risks;
 - Inventory records may not be complete
 - Inventory transactions may be processed in the wrong period
 - Inventory items may not exist
 - Inventory carrying values may not be realizable/wrongly valued



- v. Inventory-E,V.....
- Work to be done;
 - Observe physical inventory count & reconcile to the GL
 - Cut—off analysis
 - Test obsolete, slow-moving, scrapped or damaged listing
 - Test inventory in transit by examining transfer documents
 - Test the lower of cost or market



vi. Trade and other receivables-(E,C,V) Risks;

- The accounts receivable listing or individual balances may be inaccurate
- Accounts receivable balances may not exist
- Accounts receivable may not be collectible
- Bad debts write-offs may not be valid
- Sales transactions may be processed in the wrong period



- vi. Trade and other receivables-(E,C,V)
- Work to be done;
 - Agree a detailed listing of accounts receivable to the summary
 - Positively confirm selected A/R balances & review confirmation replies
 - Do alternative tests where there is no confirmation e.g. check subsequent receipts
 - Assess adequacy of allowance for doubtful accounts
 - Review bad debt write offs
 - Test sales/accounts receivable cutoff
 - Obtain & review the credit policy



vii. Cash and Bank balances(E,C,V)

- Risks;
 - Fraudulent activity or misappropriation of funds
 - Inappropriate or Inadequate banking arrangements
 - Bank reconciliation statements are not properly and timely prepared
 - Long outstanding reconciling items are not followed up on a timely basis
 - Bank reconciliations are not independently and timely reviewed
 - Use of wrong foreign exchange rates in translating foreign currency accounts
 - Cheques on the drawer are not unpresented-reverse to payables



vii. Cash and Bank balances(E,C,V)

- Work to be done;
 - Test on bank reconciliation at year end and a few during the year(Bank rec. Toc)
 - Obtain bank confirmations from the client bankers
 - Perform surprise cash count on cash on hand
 - Test reasonableness test of exchange rates used at year end



viii. Related Party Balances-E,C

- Risks;
 - Related party balances may not be complete
 - Related party balances may be recorded in the wrong period
 - Related party items may not exist



viii. Related Party Balances-E,C

- Work done;
 - Agree a detailed listing of RPBs to the summary
 - Positively confirm selected RP balances & review confirmation replies
 - Do alternative tests where there is no confirmation e.g. check subsequent receipts
 - Test related party balances cutoff

(f) Audit of Equity and Reserves



- i. Share Capital(E,O)
- Risks;
 - Share capital may not be in the name of the client or do not exist
 - The share capital may not be correctly computed
 - Lack of proper authorizations

(f)Audit of Equity and Reserves

Share Capital(E,O)

- Work to be done;
 - Obtain a copy of the clients company annual return and review it
 - Review the board of directors minutes of meetings done in the period of audit; have extracts of important issues discussed on file
 - For reserves, verify that all the necessary reserves have been established and check accuracy of the movements in reserves

(g)Audit of Non-current & Non-current liabilities



- Long-term borrowings/Bank loans-E,M
- Risks;
 - May not be completely and accurately recorded
 - May not exist
 - Recorded at inappropriate values
 - May not be the obligation of the company.

(g)Audit of Non-current & Non-current liabilities



- Long-term borrowings/Bank loans
- Work to be done;
 - Obtain and review the loan agreements
 - Circularization/obtain confirmations from the lender
 - Movements during the period(repayments & additions)
 - Securities and pledges
 - Re-compute interest or cross reference to Interest expense schedule

(f)Audit of Non-current & Non-current liabilities



- ii. Trade and other payables-E,C,V,R&O and P&D
- Risks;
 - The trade payables on the balance sheet date may not be real debts due to suppliers/creditors
 - Understatement/overstatement of trade payables
 - Dispute with suppliers or invalid invoices

(f) Audit of Non-current & Non-current liabilities



- ii. Trade and other payables-E,C,R&O and P&D
- Work to be done;
 - Agreements of sub ledger with general ledger
 - Unusual item review e.g. debit balances
 - Accounts payable cut-off test
 - Search for unrecorded liabilities
 - Confirmation of trade payables(for high risk)
 - For accruals & provisions, determine the basis of accrual/provisions and test reasonableness

(g) Presentation & Disclosure

Refer to the Specimen FS 2011-Full IFRS ICPAK in the website

Remember.....



'If it is not documented then it was not done'



Thank You

Questions & Answers