Illustrative Template – Company financial statements (Non- Listed Entity)

Application of this report:

- Audit of a complete set of Company financial statements of a non-listed entity with no KAMS prepared in accordance with a general purpose framework.
- IFRS and the requirements of *the Country Companies Act* is the applicable financial reporting framework.
- The auditor has concluded an unmodified opinion is appropriate based on the audit evidence obtained.
- Key Audit Matters are not required.
- The Entity does not have subsidiaries and is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements.
- Based on the audit evidence obtained, the auditor has concluded that a material uncertainty does
 not exist related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability to continue
 as a going concerns
- The auditor has obtained all of the other information prior to the date of the auditor's report and has not identified any material misstatement.
- The relevant ethical requirements that apply to the audit comprise the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants and/or the ethical requirements relating to the audit in *your country*.
- Italics indicate matters that should be tailored.

Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of ABC Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ABC Limited (the Company) set out on pages xx to xx which comprise the statement of financial position at 31 December 2016 and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended and the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of a significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of ABC Limited at 31 December 2016, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Kenyan Companies Act, 2015.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Kenya, and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. [Amend as appropriate depending on whether other information was received before or after the report signing date]

Amend as appropriate – refer to ISA 720 illustrative examples]

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Kenyan Companies Act, 2015 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using

the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on other matters prescribed by the Kenyan Companies Act, 2015

In our opinion the information given in the report of the directors on page XX is consistent/[not consistent] with the financial statements.

[Where the information in the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, the auditor should provide the details of the inconsistencies]

[If, in reporting on the financial statements, the auditor forms an opinion that:

- CA 730
- The company has not kept adequate accounting records or returns adequate for the audit have not been received from the branches not visited; or
- The financial statements are not in agreement with the company's accounting records

The auditor shall state that in their report.]

The engagement partner responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is CPA [Partner Name] – Practising Certificate No. XXXX.

Certified Public Accountants	
Nairobi	2018