

MANAGING TAX CONTROVERSY

Presentation by:

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Definition



Tax controversy refers to tax disputes that arise between tax collection entities such as the KRA and taxpayers, usually but not always as the result of an audit.

Controversy Lifecycle



Prevent

Manage

Resolve

Prevention



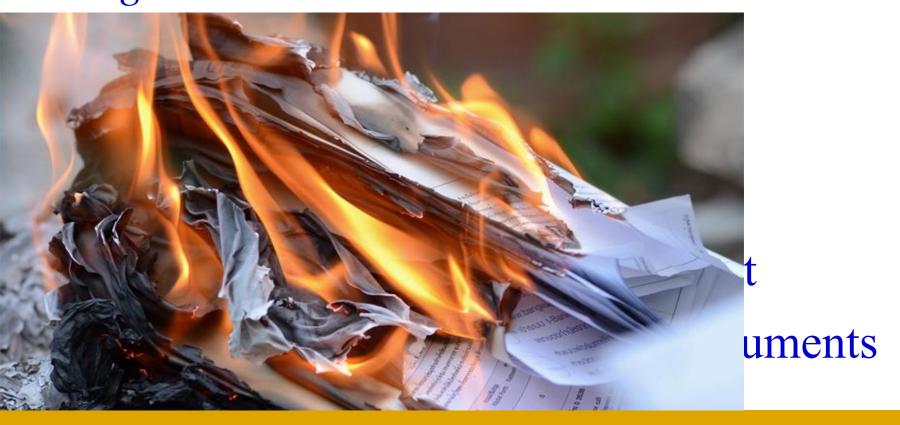
Prevention is better than cure; These measures can be useful

- Proper documentation
- > Filing returns on time
- > In-depth understanding of the tax laws
- > Engaging a tax consultant-Tax health checks
- > Proactive negotiation with tax authority

Managing Controversy



For a client under tax examination; Here are some golden rules



Managing Controversy Cont'



Question what is being asked for

Be well Prepared for any meetings

Manage deadlines

Make payments on account

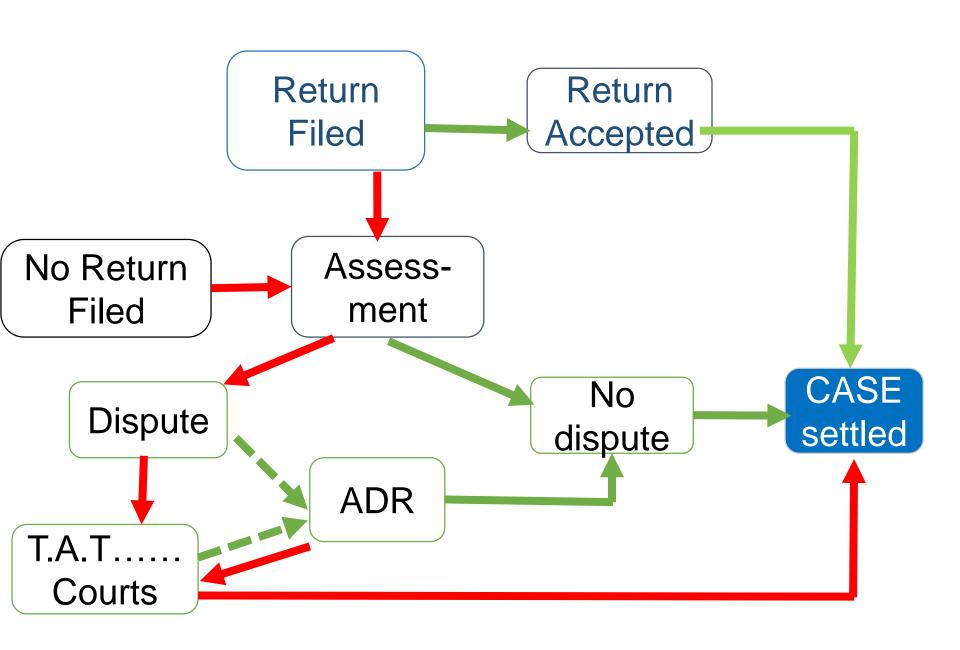
Never make partial disclosure

If at fault; never do it again

Resolving dispute



- "Conflict is drama, and how people deal with conflict shows you the kind of people they are."
- For cases beyond prevention and management, the law allows
- Mediation-ADR
- Litigation Judicial and quasi Judicial



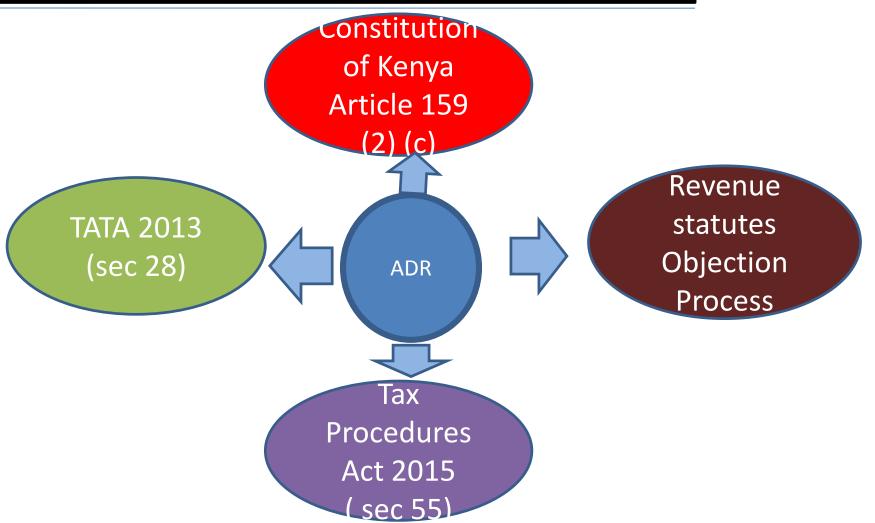
ADR Mechanism



- •W.e.f 17 July 2015
- •is an additional and/or alternative means of resolving tax disputes outside the judicial and quasi-judicial process
- Its Voluntary, participatory and mediation process as no party imposes a decision

Legal backing of ADR





Benefits of ADR





Benefits of ADR



- •Expedite resolution of tax disputes (value for money today)
- cost effective
- Facilitate business relations and enhance trust between KRA and Taxpayers (cordial rlsns)
- •Improve service delivery to the Taxpayers, Tax Consultants and Legal Advisors;

Benefits Cont'



- •Improve tax compliance through identification of issues that concern both parties
- •fosters Confidentiality

Notable Gains



- 6.6 Billions of tax revenue recovered, out of over 35Billion locked in disputes
- Over 140 disputes resolved
- Reduced compliance costs esp' to SMEs

Role of Professionals



- •Assist in dispute resolution by recognizing ADR integral part of the tax dispute resolution mechanisms
- Assist the taxpayer in assessing whether the dispute in question is suitable for ADR and best way to deal with it under the ADR process,
- •Assist the taxpayer in initiating the ADR process and formulation of the necessary documentation,

Role of Professionals cont'



- •Submit their client's case during the ADR discussions,
- •Assist the parties identify the contentious and non-contentious issues in a dispute.
- •Assist the parties in the ADR discussions narrow down issues with a view to reach an expedited conclusion.

Admissible Cases



- disputes on which tax assessment has not been confirmed,
- disputes on which tax assessment has been confirmed but the parties mutually agree to a self review,
- disputes before the Courts but where the parties desire an out-of-court settlement.

Inappropriate disputes



"He who comes into equity must come with clean hands"



Inappropriate disputes



- •Disputes relating to or tainted with tax evasion or fraud,
- •Where the settlement would be contrary to the Constitution, the Revenue Laws or any other enabling Laws.
- •Where it is in the public interest to have judicial clarification of the issue and the case is suitable for this purpose

Inappropriate disputes



- •The pursuit of the matter through the Courts will significantly promote compliance and the case is suitable for this purpose,
- The Taxpayer has not complied with the provisions of any Act administered by KRA and there is evidence that the non-compliance is non-consistent or deliberate.

Interactive Session



